赤外線天文衛星 IRTS, ASTRO-F から

SPICA

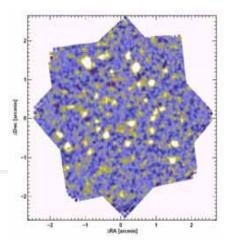
Space Infrared Telescope for Cosmology and Astrophysics

中川貴雄(ISAS/JAXA) SPICA Working Group

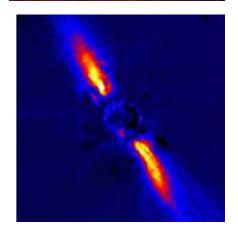
Scientific Objectives 宇宙進化の歴史を探る

■赤外線観測の特徴

- Low-T Objects
- High-z Objects
- Obscured Objects
- Gas and Solid Chemistry
- Scientific Objectives
 - ■銀河の誕生と進化
 - ■宇宙の化学進化
 - ■恒星、惑星系の誕生と進化

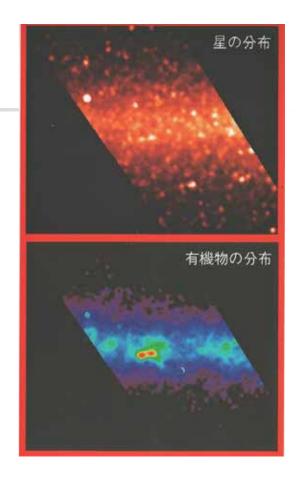






IRTS on SFU





- 1st Japanese Space Mission for IR Astronomy
 - Launched in Mar. 1995 onboard SFU
- 15 cm cooled telescope

ASTRO-F

- The next-generation IR Surveyor
- 68.5 cm Telescope
- NIR-FIR
 - All-sky Survey in FIR
 - Pointing Obs. In NIR-FIR
- Target of Launch: Fiscal year 2005



Cooled Telescopes: SPITZER & ASTRO-F



SPITZER
Aug 25, 2003 Launched
85 cm cooled Telescope
Observatory



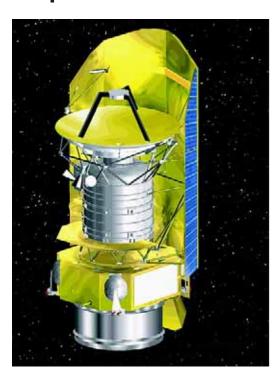
ASTRO-F 2005 Launch 70 cm cooled Telescope All Sky Survey

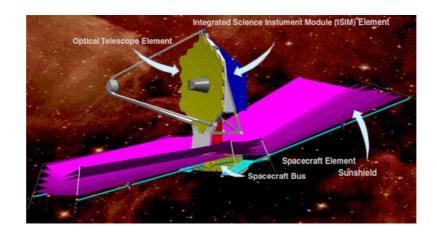
D < 1m

Wanted!
Larger
Telescope



Large Telescopes: HSO & JWST





T > 20K

Wanted!
Cooled
Telescope

Herschel (HSO) 2007 Launch 3.5 m, 80 K FIR-Submm

JWST 2011 Launch ~6m, < 50 K NIR-MIR

SPICA Mission

Goal

 To reveal the cosmic history through high-resolution, high- sensitivity observations in MIR & FIR

Specifications

Telescope: 3.5m, 4.5 K

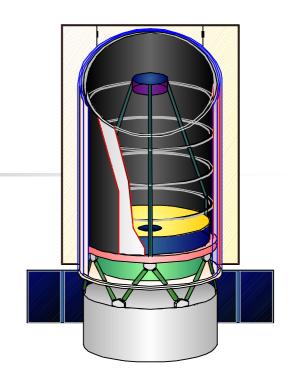
■ Core : 5-200 µ m

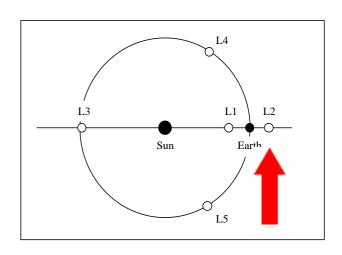
近赤外線(1-5 µ m) およびサブミリ波 (<500 µ m) への拡張を検討

Orbit: Sun-Earth L2 Halo

Total Weight: 2.6 t

Launch: early 2010s by HIIA

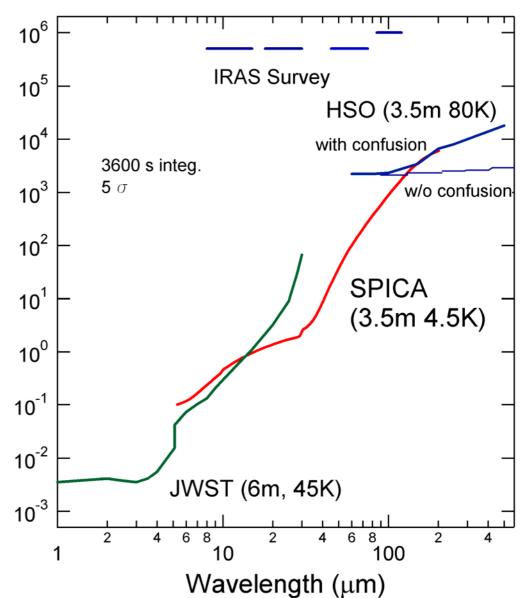




Photometric Sensitivity

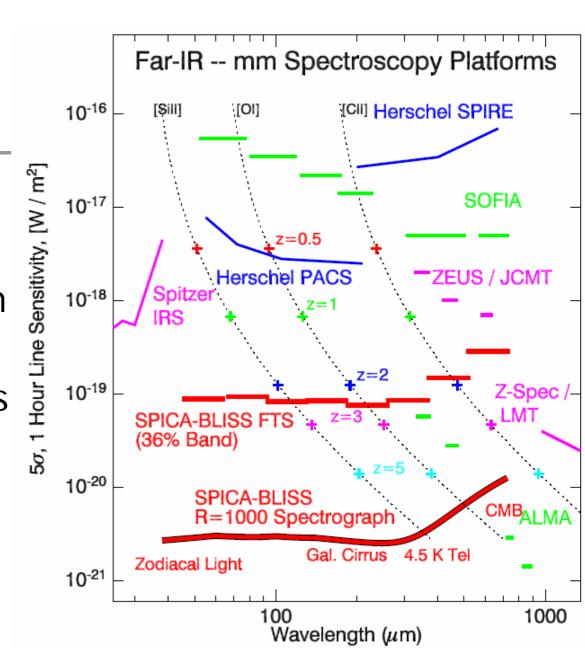
Flux (µ Jy)

- Optimized for Mid-& Far-Infrared
 - Most Sensitive among proposed missions @ 15-130 µ m
 - Confusion limited at longer wavelength
- Complimentary to HSO & JWST



Spectroscopic Sensitivity

- Herschel and SOFIA are limited by emission from warm telescopes.
- Ultimate limitation is photon noise from the astrophysical backgrounds.
 SPICA's huge gain.



4

SPICA as an International Mission

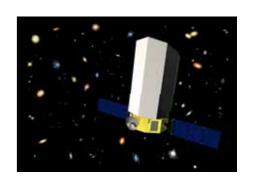
- USA (NASA/JPL, University of Arizona, Caltech..)
 - NASA/Origin Concept Study Proposal accepted
 - Sub-mm detectors and spectrometer
- Europe
 - Proposals being prepared by Consortium consisting of UK, Netherlands, France, Germany
 - Far-infrared spectrometer
- Korea (KAO, Seoul National University, Satrec)
 - NIR, MIR Instrument,
 - LOA signed on July 30, 2004

Schedule (Tentative)

- R&D Programs (since 2001)
 - Cryocoolers, Telescope, Detectors, Spacecraft
- Proposal to Science Committee of ISAS (2004)
 - To put SPICA on the Roadmap of space science
 - To get funded for R&D Program during Phase A
 - Completely Net Category with new concept
- Phase A ~2007
 - PDR in 2007
- Proto-Model Phase (2008 ~ 2009)
 - Critical Review for the start of FM (2009)
- Flight-Model Phase (2010 ~ 2012)
- Launch (2012)







関連ポスター

- P7: 「3.5m 大型冷却軌道望遠鏡 SPICA の開発」、 尾中(東大)他
- P8: 「SPICA焦点面観測機器」、片ざ(宇宙研)他
- P9:「次世代赤外線天文衛星 SPICA の冷却系」、 杉田(JAXA総合技研)他
- P10:「SPICAによる原始惑星系円盤の観測」、上野 (東大)他
- P11:「次世代赤外線天文衛星 SPICA」、中川(宇宙研)他
- P12: 「SPICA で狙うサイエンス: 系外銀河編」、松原(宇宙研)

